Department of Justice, any Federal, State, or local law enforcement officer, any transportation security officer, or to any employee or agent of a transportation system shall be immune from civil liability to any person under any law or regulation of the United States, any constitution, law, or regulation of any State or political subdivision of any State, for such disclosure.

- (b) COVERED DISCLOSURES.—The matter referred to in subsection (a) is a possible violation or attempted violation of law or regulation relating_
- (1) to a threat to transportation systems or passenger safety or security; or
- (2) to an act of terrorism, as defined in section 3077 of title 18, United States Code, that involves or is directed against transportation systems or passengers.
- IMMUNITY FOR MITIGATION OF THREATS.—Any person, including an owner, operator or employee of a transportation system, who takes reasonable action to mitigate a suspicious matter described in subsection (b) shall be immune from civil liability to any person under any law or regulation of the United States, any constitution, law, or regulation of any State or political subdivision of any State, for such action.
- (d) LIMITATION ON APPLICATION.—Subsection (a) shall not apply to a statement or disclosure by a person that, at the time it is made, is known by the person to be false.
- (e) ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS.—If a person is named as a defendant in a civil lawsuit for making voluntary disclosures of any suspicious transaction or taking actions to mitigate a suspicious matter described in subsection (b), and the person is found to be immune from civil liability under this section, the person shall be entitled to recover from the plaintiff all reasonable costs and attorney's fees as allowed by the court.
- (f) RETROACTIVE APPLICATION.—This section shall apply to activities and claims occurring on or after November 20, 2006.

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi (during the reading). Madam Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the amendment be considered as read and printed in the RECORD.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Mississippi?

There was no objection.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. question is on the amendment.

The amendment was agreed to.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the engrossment and third reading of the bill.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time, and was read the third time.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. The question is on the passage of the bill.

The question was taken; and the Speaker pro tempore announced that the ayes appeared to have it.

RECORDED VOTE

Mr. KING of New York. Madam Speaker, I demand a recorded vote.

A recorded vote was ordered.

The SPEAKER pro tempore. This will be a 5-minute vote.

The vote was taken by electronic device, and there were—ayes 299, noes 124, answered "present" 1, not voting 9, as follows:

[Roll No. 201]

AYES-299

Miller (MI)

Abercrombie Gillmor Ackerman Gohmert Allen Gonzalez Altmire Goode Arcuri Goodlatte Gordon Baca Green, Al Baldwin Green, Gene Barrow Grijalva Bean Gutierrez Becerra Hall (NY) Berkley Hare Berman Harman Berry Hastings (FL) Biggert Hastings (WA) Bilirakis Heller Bishop (GA) Herseth Bishop (NY) Higgins Blumenauei Hinchey Bono Boren Hinoiosa Boswell Hirono Hodes Hoekstra Boucher Boyd (FL) Brady (PA) Holden Braley (IA) Holt Brown, Corrine Honda Burgess Hooley Butterfield Hoyer Hulshof Capito Capps Inslee Capuano Israel Jackson (IL) Cardoza Carnahan Jackson-Lee Carney (TX) Jefferson Castle Castor Jindal Johnson (GA) Chabot Chandler Johnson, E. B. Clarke Jones (NC) Clav Jones (OH) Cleaver Kagen Clyburn Kaptur Cohen Keller Cole (OK) Kennedy Conyers Kildee Kilpatrick Cooper Costa Kind King (NY) Costello Courtney Kirk Klein (FL) Cramer Crowley Kline (MN) Knollenberg Cuellar Cummings Kucinich Davis (AL) Kuhl (NY) Davis (CA) LaHood Davis (IL) Langevin Davis (KY) Lantos Larsen (WA) Davis, Lincoln Davis, Tom Larson (CT) DeFazio Latham DeGette Lee Delahunt Levin Lewis (GA) DeLauro Dent Lipinski Diaz-Balart, L. LoBiondo Diaz-Balart, M. Loebsack Dicks Lofgren, Zoe Dingell Lowey Doggett Lucas Donnelly Lungren, Daniel Doolittle E. Lynch Dovle Edwards Mahoney (FL) Ehlers Maloney (NY) Ellison Markey Ellsworth Marshall Emanuel Matheson Matsui Emerson McCarthy (NY) English (PA) McCaul (TX) McCollum (MN) Eshoo Etheridge McCotter McDermott Fattah McGovern Ferguson McHugh Filner McIntyre Fortenberry McMorris Fossella Frank (MA) Rodgers

Farr

Frelinghuysen

Garrett (NJ)

Gerlach

Giffords

Gilchrest

Gillibrand

McNerney

McNulty

Meehan Meek (FL)

Meeks (NY)

Schultz

Melancon

Michaud

Moore (WI) Moran (VA) Murphy (CT) Murphy, Patrick Murphy, Tim Murtha Nadler Napolitano Neal (MA) Nunes Oberstar Obev Olver Ortiz Pallone Pascrell Pastor Payne Pearce Perlmutter Peterson (MN) Platts Pomerov Porter Price (NC) Rahall Ramstad Rangel Reichert Renzi Reyes Revnolds Rodriguez Rogers (AL) Ros-Lehtinen Ross Rothman Roybal-Allard Ruppersberger Rush Ryan (OH) Salazar Sánchez, Linda T. Sanchez, Loretta Sarbanes Saxton Schakowsky Schiff Schwartz Scott (GA) Scott (VA) Serrano Sestak Shavs Shea-Porter Sherman Shimkus Shuler Sires Skelton Slaughter Smith (NJ) Smith (TX) Smith (WA) Snyder Solis Souder Space Spratt Stupak Sutton Tanner Tauscher Taylor Thompson (CA) Thompson (MS) Tierney Towns Udall (CO) Upton Van Hollen Velázquez Visclosky Walden (OR) Walsh (NY) Walz (MN) Wasserman

Miller (NC) Miller, George Mitchell Mollohan Moore (KS)

Watson Watt Waxman Weiner Welch (VT) Weller Wexler Whitfield Wilson (NM) Wilson (OH) Wolf

Woolsey Wu Wynn Yarmuth

NOES-124

Aderholt Feeney Peterson (PA) Akin Flake Petri Alexander Pickering Forbes Bachmann Foxx Pitts Bachus Franks (AZ) Poe Baker Gallegly Price (GA) Barrett (SC) Gingrey Pryce (OH) Bartlett (MD) Granger Putnam Barton (TX) Graves Radanovich Hall (TX) Bilbray Regula Bishop (UT) Hastert Rehberg Blackburn Haves Rogers (KY) Hensarling Blunt Rogers (MI) Boehner Herger Rohrabacher Bonner Hobson Roskam Inglis (SC) Boozman Royce Boustany Issa. Ryan (WI) Brady (TX) Johnson (IL) Sali Brown (SC) Johnson, Sam Schmidt Brown-Waite Jordan Sensenbrenner Ginny King (IA) Sessions Buchanan Lamborn Shadegg Burton (IN) LaTourette Shuster Buyer Lewis (CA) Simpson Calvert Lewis (KY) Smith (NE) Camp (MI) Linder Stearns Campbell (CA) Mack Sullivan Cannon Manzullo Tancredo Cantor Marchant Carter McCarthy (CA) Terry Thornberry McCrery Coble Tiahrt McHenry Conaway Tiberi Crenshaw McKeon Cubin Mica Turner Miller (FL) Walberg Culberson Davis, David Miller, Gary Wamp Weldon (FL) Deal (GA) Moran (KS) Westmoreland Drake Musgrave Wicker Dreier Myrick Wilson (SC) Duncan Neugebauer Everett Young (AK) Paul Fallin Pence Young (FL)

ANSWERED "PRESENT"-1

Boyda (KS)

NOT VOTING-9

Andrews Kaniorski Millender-Carson Kingston McDonald Davis, Jo Ann Udall (NM) Lampson Hunter

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE The SPEAKER pro tempore (during the vote). Members are advised there are 2 minutes left on this vote.

\Box 1933

SIMPSON and Mr. HAYES changed their vote from "aye" to "no." So the bill was passed.

The result of the vote was announced as above recorded.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

AUTHORIZING THE CLERK TO MAKE CORRECTIONS INEN-GROSSMENT OF H.R. 1401, RAIL AND PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION SECURITY ACT OF 2007

Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi. Mr. Speaker, I ask unanimous consent that the Clerk be authorized to make technical corrections in the engrossment of H.R. 1401, including corrections in spelling, punctuation, section numbering, and cross-referencing and the insertion of appropriate headings.

The SPEAKER pro tempore KIND). Is there objection to the request of the gentleman from Mississippi?

There was no objection.

ANNOUNCEMENT BY THE SPEAKER PRO TEMPORE

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to clause 8 of rule XX, the Chair will postpone further proceedings today on motions to suspend the rules on which a recorded vote or the yeas and nays are ordered, or on which the vote is objected to under clause 6 of rule XX.

Record votes on postponed questions will be taken tomorrow.

KATRINA HOUSING TAX RELIEF ACT OF 2007

Mr. RANGEL. Madam Speaker, I move to suspend the rules and pass the bill (H.R. 1562) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to extend and expand certain rules with respect to housing in the GO Zones, as amended.

The Clerk read the title of the bill. The text of the bill is as follows:

H.R. 1562

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the "Katrina Housing Tax Relief Act of 2007".

SEC. 2. EXTENSION AND EXPANSION OF LOW-IN-COME HOUSING CREDIT RULES FOR BUILDINGS IN THE GO ZONES.

- (a) TIME FOR MAKING LOW-INCOME HOUSING CREDIT ALLOCATIONS.—Subsection (c) of section 1400N of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to low-income housing credit) is amended by redesignating paragraph (5) as paragraph (6) and by inserting after paragraph (4) the following new paragraph:
- "(5) TIME FOR MAKING LOW-INCOME HOUSING CREDIT ALLOCATIONS.—Section 42(h)(1)(B) shall not apply to an allocation of housing credit dollar amount to a building located in the Gulf Opportunity Zone, the Rita GO Zone, or the Wilma GO Zone, if such allocation is made in 2006, 2007, or 2008, and such building is placed in service before January 1, 2011."
- (b) EXTENSION OF PERIOD FOR TREATING GO ZONES AS DIFFICULT DEVELOPMENT AREAS.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (A) of section 1400N(c)(3) of such Code is amended by striking "2006, 2007, or 2008" and inserting "the period beginning on January 1, 2006, and ending on December 31, 2010".
- (2) CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—Clause (ii) of section 1400N(c)(3)(B) of such Code is amended by striking "such period" and inserting "the period described in subparagraph (A)".
- (c) COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANTS NOT TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN DETERMINING IF BUILDINGS ARE FEDERALLY SUBSIDIZED.—Subsection (c) of section 1400N of such Code (relating to low-income housing credit), as amended by this Act, is amended by redesignating paragraph (6) as paragraph (7) and by inserting after paragraph (5) the following new paragraph:
- "(6) COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANTS NOT TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT IN DETERMINING IF BUILDINGS ARE FEDERALLY SUBSIDIZED.—For purpose of applying section 42(i)(2)(D) to any building which is placed in service in the Gulf Opportunity Zone, the Rita GO Zone, or the Wilma GO Zone during the period beginning on January 1, 2006, and ending on December 31, 2010, a loan shall not be treated as a below market Federal loan

solely by reason of any assistance provided under section 106, 107, or 108 of the Housing and Community Development Act of 1974 by reason of section 122 of such Act or any provision of the Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2006, or the Emergency Supplemental Appropriations Act for Defense, the Global War on Terror, and Hurricane Recovery, 2006."

SEC. 3. SPECIAL TAX-EXEMPT BOND FINANCING RULE FOR REPAIRS AND RECONSTRUCTIONS OF RESIDENCES IN THE GO ZONES.

Subsection (a) of section 1400N of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to tax-exempt bond financing) is amended by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

- "(7) SPECIAL RULE FOR REPAIRS AND RECONSTRUCTIONS.—
- "(A) IN GENERAL.—For purposes of section 143 and this subsection, any qualified GO Zone repair or reconstruction shall be treated as a qualified rehabilitation.
- "(B) QUALIFIED GO ZONE REPAIR OR RECON-STRUCTION.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the term 'qualified GO Zone repair or reconstruction' means any repair of damage caused by Hurricane Katrina, Hurricane Rita, or Hurricane Wilma to a building located in the Gulf Opportunity Zone, the Rita GO Zone, or the Wilma GO Zone (or reconstruction of such building in the case of damage constituting destruction) if the expenditures for such repair or reconstruction are 25 percent or more of the mortgagor's adjusted basis in the residence. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the mortgagor's adjusted basis shall be determined as of the completion of the repair or reconstruction or, if later, the date on which the mortgagor acquires the residence.
- "(C) TERMINATION.—This paragraph shall apply only to owner-financing provided after the date of the enactment of this paragraph and before January 1, 2011.".

SEC. 4. GAO STUDY OF PRACTICES EMPLOYED BY STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS IN ALLOCATING AND UTILIZING TAX INCENTIVES PROVIDED PURSUANT TO THE GULF OPPORTUNITY ZONE ACT OF 2005.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study of the practices employed by State and local governments, and subdivisions thereof, in allocating and utilizing tax incentives provided pursuant to the Gulf Opportunity Zone Act of 2005 and this Act.
- (b) SUBMISSION OF REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall submit a report on the findings of the study conducted under subsection (a) and shall include therein recommendations (if any) relating to such findings. The report shall be submitted to the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate.
- (c) CONGRESSIONAL HEARINGS.—In the case that the report submitted under this section includes findings of significant fraud, waste or abuse, each Committee specified in subsection (b) shall, within 60 days after the date the report is submitted under subsection (b), hold a public hearing to review such findings.

SEC. 5. MODIFICATION OF COLLECTION DUE PROCESS PROCEDURES FOR EMPLOYMENT TAX LIABILITIES.

- (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6330(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to jeopardy and State refund collection) is amended—
- (1) by striking "; or" at the end of paragraph (1) and inserting a comma,
- (2) by adding "or" at the end of paragraph (2), and
- (3) by inserting after paragraph (2) the following new paragraph:

- "(3) the Secretary has served a disqualified employment tax levy,".
- (b) DISQUALIFIED EMPLOYMENT TAX LEVY.— Section 6330 of such Code (relating to notice and opportunity for hearing before levy) is amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- "(h) DISQUALIFIED EMPLOYMENT TAX LEVY.—For purposes of subsection (f), a disqualified employment tax levy is any levy in connection with the collection of employment taxes for any taxable period if—
- "(1) the person subject to the levy (or any predecessor thereof) requested a hearing under this section with respect to unpaid employment taxes arising in the most recent 2-year period before the beginning of the taxable period with respect to which the levy is served, and
- "(2) such levy is served before February 29, 2016.

For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term 'employment taxes' means any taxes under chapter 21, 22, 23, or 24.".

(c) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this section shall apply to levies served on or after the date that is 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SEC. 6. TIME FOR PAYMENT OF CORPORATE ESTIMATED TAXES.

Subparagraph (B) of section 401(1) of the Tax Increase Prevention and Reconciliation Act of 2005 is amended by striking "106.25 percent" and inserting "106.45 percent".

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Pursuant to the rule, the gentleman from New York (Mr. RANGEL) and the gentleman from Michigan (Mr. CAMP) each will control 20 minutes.

The Chair recognizes the gentleman from New York.

Mr. RANGEL. Mr. Speaker, once again I find myself thanking Mr. McCrery, the ranking member, and members of the minority on the Ways and Means Committee for moving forward to a piece of legislation, agreeing that it go to the suspension calendar and, more importantly, working with us in bringing about changes in order to make certain that we have a pay-for that is appreciated by the House.

This is important legislation. The Nation suffered a tremendous natural setback with Katrina. Thousands of people in Mississippi and Louisiana felt the pain. And somehow we are sluggishly moving towards some type of solution of this real problem.

One of the major problems, of course, is housing, people not being able to come back. We on the Ways and Means Committee can play some small part in putting together tax incentives to move forward, to make certain that these people have a place to stay and go back to their home.

More important, I am so pleased that JOHN LEWIS will be managing this bill, a man of compassion, a man of understanding, a man that understands the real pain that people have felt and continue to feel. I don't think there is any Member in the House that I would rather see associated with a bill that brings some type of relief to people who have felt so much pain.

So, Mr. Speaker, with your permission, I would like to ask Mr. LEWIS from the sovereign State of Georgia, an outstanding Member of Congress, to